## SD Series Users' Manual

1 (3) (4) (5)

## Model Types

R RRNSD-94M

① SIZE	Cutting size	② OUT1	③ OUT2	<b>@OUT3</b>	⑤ Communication
<b>94</b> : W96*H48*D107(mm)	92*45 (+0.5)	R : RELAY	R : RELAY	R : Relay Output	N : No communication
<b>49</b> : W48*H96*D107 "	45*92 "	A : Current	A : Current	S : SSR Output	<b>2</b> : 232 Comm.
<b>72</b> : W72*H72*D107 "	68*68 "	S : SSR			<b>4</b> : 422 Comm.
<b>48</b> : W48*H48*D100 "	45*45 "				8: 485 Comm.

(For SD-48M, 4) is not available and only 232 & 485 Comm. works among (5).)

# 2 Name & Function of Each Part



(LED Lamp's Usage)

AT: Auto Tuning

OUT1: Output 1(Current output, if the lamp blink.) OUT2: Output 2(Current output, if the lamp blink.)

OUT3: Output 3

COMM: Communication

Button Type	Use & Function
SET	<ul> <li>If press it once, SV will flash. At that time, SV value changes by ▲ or ▼ button.</li> <li>If press it for 3 secs, enter output group.</li> <li>Move among parameters in the group, if you press it once after entering output group.</li> </ul>
<b>«</b>	<ul> <li>Move digit position. (Press "SET" button and "&lt;&lt;" once to move digit position)</li> <li>Start or stop autotuing.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Change functions &amp; values in each mode</li> <li>▶ To change it fast, press it longer than 3 secs.</li> </ul>

## Input Type and Range

Input Signal	Input Type	Input Code Range Grad		Grade	
RTD	PT	<b>₽Ŀ</b> -199.9~600.0 ±0.2% of to		±0.2% of total range	
Thermocouple	K	Ľ	-200~1370	-	
	K	Ľ.dot	-199.9~600.0		
	J	J	-200~1200		
	T	Ł	-199.9~400.0	±0.3% of total range	
	R	_	0~1700	±0.5% Of total range	
	В	b	600~1800		
	S	${\mathcal S}$	0~1700		
	C(W)	£	0~2300		
Humidity	ним	нил	0.0~100.0	±3% (Valid Range 20~90%)	
DC Voltage	1-5V	BIS .	-1999~9999		
	0-10V	RIO	-1999~9999		
DC Current	4-20mA	5850	-1999~9999		

# 4 Product Specification

Sampling Period

Relay contact point output Contact point capacity(main): 240 VAC 5A, 30V DC 5A (Resistive load) Relay life: Over 500,000

Relay contact point output Contact point capacity(main) 1.2 to Current output range :  $4\sim20$ mA DC, Load resistance : Below  $300\Omega$  (For SD-72M, below  $600\Omega$ ) If you connect  $250\Omega$  on each Current output terminal + -, it switches to voltage output(1-5V) Voltage Output

Continuous vibration (5~14Hz): Peak to peak: under 1.2mm, Normal operation condition: Ambient temperature

0~50°C, Ambient humidity:20~85%

Power supply voltage: 100~240V AC(within ±10%) 50-60Hz Power consumption: Below 6.0W, MAX. 10VA

Digital letters of this equipment



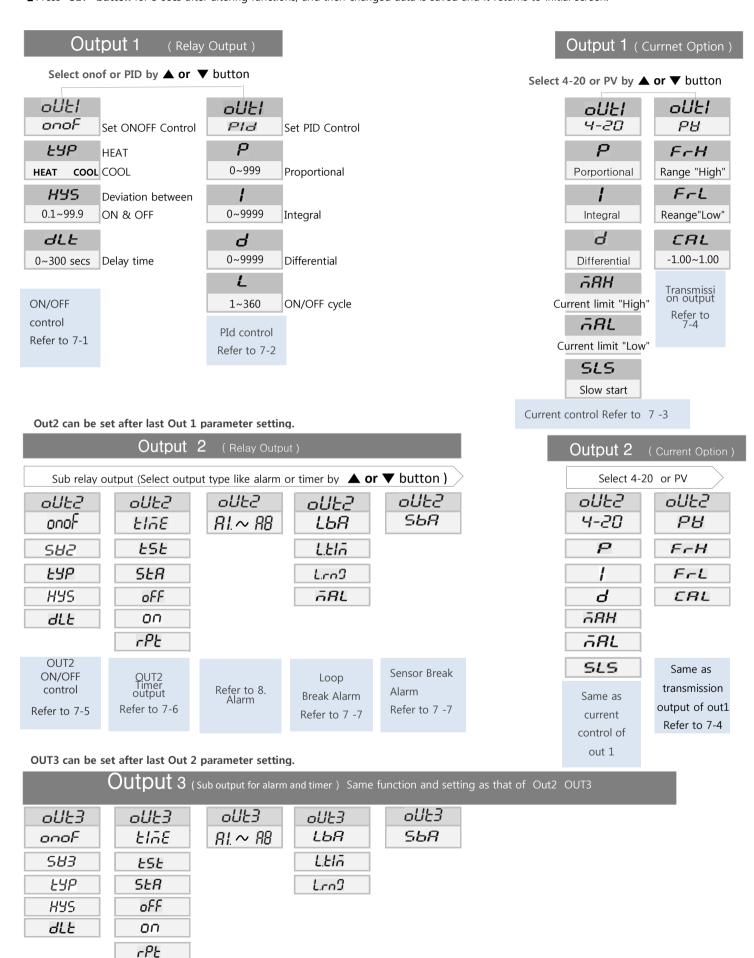
# 5 Input Group

- Input group contains sensor type option and auxiliary functions.(Refer to Output group for main function setting)
- To enter Input Group : Press "SET" button & UP(▲) button for 3 secs at the same time.
- Parameter shift among groups : Press " SET" button one time.
- Value (Function) Change : Press ▲ or ▼ button.
- Save and Return: Press "SET" button for 3 secs to save changed data and return.
- " Parameter on the dotted arrow route is not displayed, if the related function is not selected.

Parameter	Function					
	■ Input Sensor: PT, K, (K.dot), J, T, R, B. S, C, HUM, V15, V10, MA20					
	(Enter same type of sensors connected with this equipment)					
10						
	PONT Decimal: Range 0~2 Ex1) PONT:0 SCH:100 SCL:0 Display 0~100					
	SCH Scale "High" Ex2) PONT:1 SCH :10.0 SCL:-10.0 Display -10.0~10.0					
	Ex3) PONT:2 SCH :10.00 SCL:1.00 Display 1.00~10.00					
	SCL Scale "Low"					
	■ In case of selecting V15 , V10 and MA20, you can set Decimal, Scale "High" & Scale "Low".					
FILE	• Measurement Value Filter (0~9): Function to reduce the fluctuation of display value that might occur					
FILE	when it is installed at strong noise place, which is the characteristics of digital device.					
	(The higher value, the less fluctuation with display speed slowing down.)					
	• Measurement Value Compensation (-50~50) : Compensate the error due to too long or old sensor wire.					
bias	Ex) Display 60 if you set BIAS at 10, when the current measurement value is 50.  Display 40 if you set BIAS at -10, when the current measurement value is 50.					
SEEH	• Set the Highest Limit : If you set SETH value, SV value cannot be set above SETH.					
SEŁL	• Set the Lowest Limit : SV value cannot be set below SETL.					
	Ex) If set at SETH:100 , SETL:-10, SV can be set only between -10~100.					
	Remote Control : OFF (Computer communication is not used)					
	: <b>ON</b> (Communication is used) Adr: Communication ID Number (Assign 1~999 for each product)					
Conn	<b>bPS : Communication Speed</b> ( Select among 2400, 4800 and 9600 )					
	• 255 units of products can be connected with one computer.					
	* Refer to the website (www.31eng.co.kr) for protocol and monitoring program for demo.					
[F	C: Celcius(°C)					
	F: Fahrenheit (°F)					
	OFF : Lock Cancelled					
105	■ IN : Lock only Input group					
	• ALL : Lock Input, Output group					
	* If set In or All, it is possible to enter the locked group but cannot change the value.					
	* Initialization setting : If press DOWN Key 7 times continuously, INIt is displayed on PV screen.					
	At that time, press "SET" button to initialize.					

## 6 Output Group

- Output group is main operationg group and sets control method, control range and alarm.
- Press "SET" button for 3 secs to enter output group,.
- Press "SET" button once to move into next parameters among group. Press ▲ or ▼ button to change output types and functions.
- Press "SET" button for 3 secs after altering functions, and then changed data is saved and it returns to initial screen.



## 7 Output Group Function

### 7-1. Relay output ON/OFF control



If press "SET" button for 3 secs on initial screen, OUT1 at top screen and ONOF or PId at bottom screen will be displayed.
 ▶When want to ON/OFF control, press ▲ or ▼ button and set ONOF.



Set as ONOF at the previous step.

And then if press "SET" button once, TYP at the top and HEAT or COOL at the bottom screen will be displayed.

For Heating or Cooling control, press ▲ or ▼ button to set HEAT or COOL.

HY5

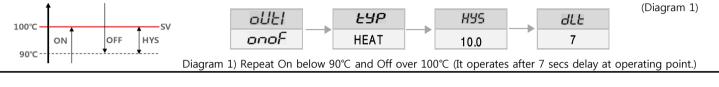
• If press "SET" once after setting TYP, HYS at top screen and numbers of 0.1~99.9 at bottom screen will be displayed.

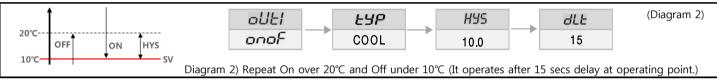
HYS represents the deviation between relay ON and relay OFF.



• If press "SET" once after setting HYS, dLt at top screen and unmber of 0~300 at bottom screen will be displayed.

dLt operates after delayed time (sec) set in dLt.





### 7-2. Relay output PID control (After auto tuning, proper PID value is saved automatically.

oUEI PId page8-7 Refer to 9, Auto Tuning.)

Press "SET" button for 3 secs at initial screen, OUT1 at top and ONOF or Pid at bottom will be displayed.
 For PId control (Heating PId), press ▲ or ▼ button to set PId and press "SET" button once to move to next step.

**P** 0~999

- If time to reach target value is slow or excessive overshoot occurs after operating auto tuning, you can adjust "P.I.D" value manually.
- ▶ If P value is set higher : the speed gets slower while over-shooting decreases.
- $\blacktriangleright$  If P value is set lower : the speed gets faster while over-shooting increases.

0~9999

- Integral Value(I): When hunting is occurred slowly, adjust I value.
- ▶ High I value makes hunting low.

**⊿** 0~9999

- Differential Value : When the small periodic hunting occurs, please lower d value (Lower value -> Less hunting)
- ▶ Set P, I or D value for special cases. In general, it can be controlled appropriately by the result value of auto tuning.

**L** 1~3600

- Control Period Cycle: The duration of time of one cycle in a repeating event ON and OFF.
- ▶ If you set the cycle short, you can control precisely but the relay life will be reduced. (Recommend 10~30 secs)

# 7-3. Current Output (Option)

aUEI 4-20

If OUT1 is ordered as Current Output, either 4-20 or PV will be displayed in initial screen when pressing "SET" button for 3 secs.
 Select 4-20 pressing ▲ or ▼ button in case of using current control.

**P** 0~999

- If press "SET" once in 4-20, P at top screen and numbers of 0~999.9 at bottom screen will be displayed.
- If you operate Auto Tuning, appropriate PID value will be automatically saved after considering the heating characteristics of the load.
- P: Proportional Value I: Integral Value d: Differencial Value(Same operating method with relay pid control of 7-2)

⊼ЯН 4~20 • Function to limit the maximum current value

Ex) If you set MAH as 15, the maximum currnet value will not be higher than 15mA.

• Function to limit the minimum current value.

Ex) If you set MAL as 8, the minimum current value will not be lower than 8mA.

• Slow Start Function - Used for the device which can be damaged by excessive current when turning on
• SLS is time to output until maximum (20mA)(Unit : Sec, Range : 0~3600 secs)

Ex) If set SLS as 60, it takes 60 secs to output 20mA.

< If OUT2 is type of current control, operating concept is same as OUT1 current control(7-3) and SV is controlled by SV in initial screen.>

# 7-4. Transmission Output: Real time PV value on the equipment is switched to 4~20mA.

oUEI

• In case OUT1 is ordered as current output, press "SET" button for 3 secs at initial screen, OUT1 at top and 4-20 or PV at bottom will be displayed. Transmission output is set PV.

F-H

• Transmission Output "High"

FrL

■ Transmission Output "Low"

Ex) When you set FrH: 100, FrL: 0, 4mA current will be transmitted at 0°C and 20mA current at 100°C.

*ERL* -1.00~1.00

- Function to compensate the error when it occur.
- With 1.00 input, displayed current increases as much as 1mA. With -1.00 input, current decrease as much as 1mA.
   <Setting method of OUT2 Transmission output is same as that of OUT1.>>
- **7–5.** Output 2 ON/OFF Control (When you don't use out2, set until out1 and press "SET" button for 3 secs to return to initial screen.)

oUE2 onoF

- If OUT2 is relay output, one of ONOF, TIME, A1~A8, LbA, SbA is displayed.
- Set **ONOF** in case that **OUT 2** is used as ON/OFF.

582

• If press "SET" button once after setting ONOF in the previous step, SV2 at top screen and target value at bottom screen will be displayed. SV2 is the target value of OUT2, which is seperated from SV(target value) of OUT1. It operates separately with no regard to OUT1. Set **TYP,HYS,dLt same as OUT1**(Refer to 7-1).

# 7-6. Output 2 Timer Output

oUE2 ElñE In case OUT2 is used as timer, press ▲ or ▼ button & set as TIME

ESE

Set hour, minute, second unit \( \bigcup HH.MM \)(99 Hours 59 Minutes),

-MM.SS (99 Minutes 59 Seconds)

SER

Set start type

off **on** 

S.ON : Start from ON, S.OFF: Start from OFF

oFF

- Stopping Time of timer
- Operating time of timer
- rPE
- Repeating number of Operation and Stop
  - 1: Repeat once , 100: Repeat 100 times,

Timer Operation Example

Ex1) TST: HH.MM, STA: S.OFF, OFF: 04.00, ON: 00.20, RPT: 0 20 minutes operation after 4 hours stop repeating infinitely

Ex2) TST: MM.SS , STA: S.OFF , OFF: 00.20, ON: 00.40, RPT: 5 40 seconds operation after 20 seconds stop repeating 5 times.

Ex3) TST: HH.MM., STA: S.O.N., OFF: 08.00, ON: 99.00, RPT: 1 99 hours operation after 8 hours stop repeating once.

0: Repeat infinitely

#### 7-7. OUT2 LBA Output

0UE2

Press ▲ or ▼ to set LbA (Loop Break Alarm) in OUT2 group when OUT2 is used as LbA.

LEIO

L.TIM: Loop Break Monitoring Time

Lichi

L.rnG : Alarm Range

▶LBA (Loop Break Alarm) : Function to check whether the controlled device has any problem or not.

Ex) Controlled device: Heater L.Tim: 60 L.rNG: 2

LbA operates when there is no temperature change over 2°C although heats for 60 secs continuously with full output.

- ▶ Major cause of LBA ① Disconnect of sensor wiring ② Errors of external device such as magnet, sub relay ect.
- ③ Errors of external load like heater, cooler etc. ④ Disconnection or wrong connection of external wiring
- ▶LBA will be OFF when the problem is solved and then make SV value= PV value or change LBA value.

#### 7-8. Sensor Break Alarm (SbA)

- If select SbA (ON) at OUT2, 3, output mode becomes Sensor Break Alarm.
  - "---" will be displayed and SbA signal output through terminal when the sensor is opened or disconnected.

# OUT2 , OUT3 Alarm (Common built-in Alarm )

AI.	<i>R2.</i>	<i>R</i> 3	RY	A5	ЯЬ	87	88
Absolute Alarm High	Alsolute Alarm Low	Variation Alarm High	Variation Alarm Low	Absolute Alarm High & Low	Variation Alarm High & Low	Absolute Alarm within Range	Absolute Alarm within Range
ян	AL	RH	AL	RH	ЯH	ЯH	ЯH
RHYS	RHYS	RHY5	RHYS	AL	AL	AL	AL
dRL	dAL	dAL	dAL	RHYS	RHYS	AHY5	AHYS
				dAL	dAL	dAL	dAL

Code	Alarm Type	Function				
81	Absolute Alarm High	<ul> <li>Alarm operates above the set value of AH alarm.</li> <li>Ex) If you set AH at 120, alarm works above 120.</li> <li>AH value is fixed at 120 even though SV value is changed, which is called "Absolute Alarm".</li> </ul>				
82	Alsolute Alarm Low	Alarm operates below the set value of AL alarm ( Opposite concept with A1 ).				
<i>R</i> 3	Variation Alarm High	<ul> <li>Alarm operates above AH value with regard to changed SV value.</li> <li>Ex) If SV is set at 100 and AH at 5, alarm works above 105.</li> <li>When SV is changed into 200, alarm works above 205, which is called Variation Alarm.</li> </ul>				
RY	Variation Alarm Low	• Alarm operates below AL value with regard to changed SV value ( Opposite concept with A3 ).				
RS	Absolute Alarm High & Low	<ul> <li>Alarm operates both above and below the set value of AH and AL alarm each (A1 Alarm + A2</li> <li>AH : Absolute Alarm High</li> <li>AL : Absolute Alarm Low</li> <li>Ex) If AH is set at 100 and AL 50, alarm works above 100 and below 50.</li> </ul>				
ЯЬ	Variation Alarm High & Low	<ul> <li>Alarm operates both above AH and below AL value with regard to changed SV value         (A3 Alarm+ A4 Alarm).</li> <li>AH: Variation Alarm High         AL: Variation Alarm Low</li> <li>Ex) If SV is set at 100, AH at 8 and AL at 10, alarm works above 108 and below 90.</li> <li>When SV value is changed, alarm works according to the changed value.</li> </ul>				
87	Absolute Alarm within Range	Alarm operates between AH value and AL value.  Ex) If AH is set at 100 and AL at 50, alarm works between 100 and 50.  Tip) AH value should be higher than AL value.				
<i>R8</i>	Variation Alarm within Range	• Alarm operates between AH value and AL value with regard to changed SV value.  Ex) If SV is set at 100, AH at 8 and Al at 10, alarm works between 108 and 90.				

<sup>\* ##95 (</sup>Alarm Hysteresis ) : Set the range of 1-30 to prevent the realy vibration problem that results from the same starting
& finishing time. AHYS is applied to all alarm equally.

It works when the value accord with the set range of alarm output once again after detached from the range.

(All alarm equally applied)

**ON**: DAL used **OFF**: DAL not used

<sup>\*</sup> **JRL** (Delaying Alarm): Alarm signal doesn't work when the value is within the set range of alarm output at the moment of turning on.

## 9. Tuning Group

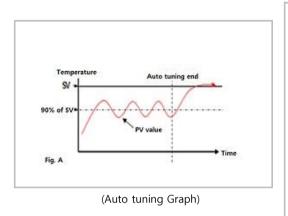
#### 9-1 AUTO TUNING

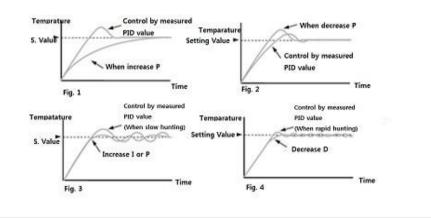
#### A Purpose of Auto tuning

- PID AUTO TUNING is the control preparation that enables quick response and precise control. It is to calculate PID modification numbers for the optimal control and to set the value by measureing the thermal characteristics and thermal response speed of vairous controlled device.
- Auto tuning should be done at the first stage after attaching the controller. After tuning, operation runs automatically.

#### **B** Auto Tuning Operation Method

- If press "« " for 3 secs at initial screen, TUNG at top and one of AT(Auto Tuning) or ST(Self Tuning) at bottom will be displayed. Set auto tuning as AT & self tuning as ST, and then press "SET" for 3 secs to save & retrun to initial screen.
- It operates by pressing "« " for 3 secs after selecting one of PID, CPID, 4-20, 20-4 in OUT1 or OUT2.
- Auto tuning operates at 90% of SV value and it ends after PV value goes up & down 3 times. (Refer to Fig. A)
   During auto tuning, AT lamp on front blinks. Blinking stops when tuning ends.
- Press "«" for 3 secs to stop auto tuning while it is in progress.





(PID Graph)

#### 9-2 Self Tuning

# Advantage of Self tuning

Self tuning is a function to change P.I.D value only changing SV set value otherwise auto tuning.

Auto tuning takes long time according to output (Heater) as it is a function to get P.I.D value using output ON/OFF compulsorily several times by setting temperature.

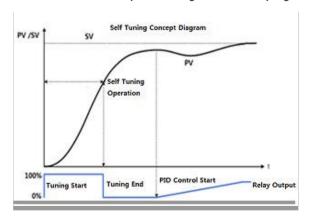
But self tuning can save time to get P.I.D. value as it is a function to get P.I.D. value by change of SV or power on During self tuning ST lamp in front blinks & lamp turns off after tuning ends.

(Caution : Self tunig is applied in case of changing SV with communication.)

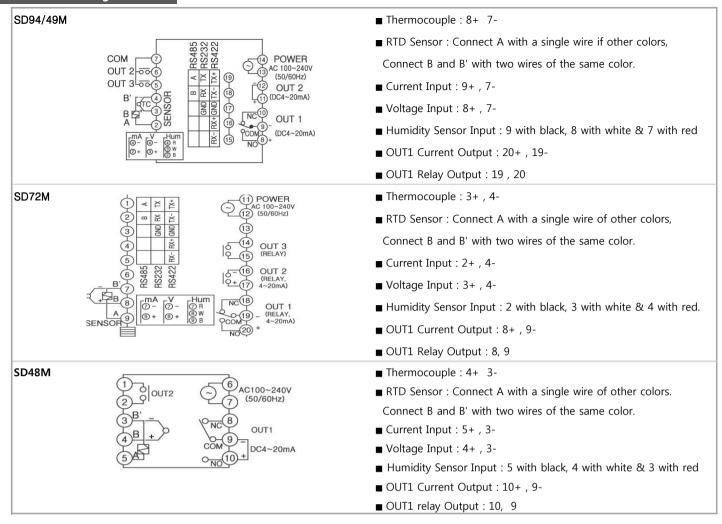
# **B** Self tuning operation method

If press "«" for 3 secs at initial screen, enter to tUnG setting mode. After that, press ▲ or ▼ for set tUnG as "ST" between "ST" and "AT"

- Self tuning operation condition: It operates when there is a difference of over 30 degree with present PV as put power or change of SV value.
- Press " « " for 3 secs to stop self tuning while it is in progress.



## 10 Connection Diagram



## 11 Special Function

#### 11-1. CPId Control (Cooling Pid Control) - Only relay output

How to enter CPId: Enter output group and press both ▲+▼ at the same time for 3 secs in OUT1 PID. If so, it will be switched to CPID.



(To switch to PID or ONOFF from **CPID**, select by pressing  $\blacktriangle$  or  $\blacktriangledown$ )

- Sub parameters of CPID & PID are same.
- Press "SET" for 3 secs to save & return to initial screen after setting up.

# 11-2. Cooling Current Control - Current output

How to enter 20



(To switch to 4-20 from 20-4, select 4-20 by pressing  $\blacktriangle$  or  $\blacktriangledown$ )

- Sub parameters of 20-4 & 4-20 are same.
- Press "SET" for 3 secs to save & return to main screen after setting up.

**11–3.** Check current value: Press "HIGH" 5 times continuously at initial screen, OUT1 current will be displayed. If press one more time, OUT2 current will be displayed. (Only for current option built-in product)